

**Integration by Substitution** – Show your work on your own paper.

Evaluate each definite integral. Work without a calculator. Then, check your answer with your calculator.

1.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} d\theta$

4.  $\int_0^{-4} \sqrt{1-2x} dx$

7.  $\int_0^2 \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+2x^2}} dx$

2.  $\int_0^{\pi} \sin \frac{x}{3} dx$

5.  $\int_1^2 (x-1)\sqrt{2-x} dx$

3.  $\int_0^1 x\sqrt{1-x^2} dx$

6.  $\int_0^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x+1}} dx$

Integrate each.

8.  $\int \cos \pi x dx$

13.  $\int \cos^4 x \sin x dx$

9.  $\int x\sqrt{x+3} dx$

14.  $\int \sin(2x+3) dx$

10.  $\int \frac{2-x}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$

15.  $\int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^4}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

11.  $\int x \sqrt[3]{1-x} dx$

12.  $\int \sec x \tan x \sqrt{1+\sec x} dx$

Solve the differential equation.

16.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin 2x$

17.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{10}{(2x-1)^2}$

18. Find  $f(x)$  given  $f'(x) = \frac{6}{\sqrt{3x-2}}$  such that  $f(x)$  passes through  $(2,5)$ .

Recall

19. Given the function defined by  $g(x) = 3x^5 - 10x^4 + 7$ , use derivatives to find

- The intervals that  $g$  is increasing
- The  $x$ -coordinates of any inflection points.

## Answers

1. 1
2.  $\frac{3}{2}$
3.  $\frac{1}{3}$
4.  $-\frac{26}{3}$
5.  $\frac{4}{15}$
6. 2
7. 1
8.  $\frac{1}{\pi} \sin \pi x + C$
9.  $\frac{2}{5}(x-2)(x+3)^{3/2} + C$
10.  $3x^{2/3} - \frac{3}{5}x^{5/3} + C$

Note: no substitution required!

11.  $\frac{-3}{28}(1-x)^{4/3}(4x+3) + C$
12.  $\frac{2}{3}(1+\sec x)^{3/2} + C$
13.  $-\frac{1}{5} \cos^5 x + C$
14.  $-\frac{1}{2} \cos(2x+3) + C$
15.  $\frac{2}{5}(\sqrt{x}+1)^5 + C$
16.  $y = -\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x + C$
17.  $y = \frac{-5}{2x-1} + C$
18.  $f(x) = 4\sqrt{3x-2} - 3$
19. -
  - a.  $(-\infty, 0) \left( \frac{8}{3}, \infty \right)$
  - b.  $x = 2$  only